

City Street Department Here Now On A Strike

Showdown Brought About By Firing Six Employees Said Due to Lack of Funds, But Labor Group Says There Would Be Plenty of Money If Less Were Spent On Street Repair Material; State G. O. P. Chairman Said Coming To Iron Out Difficulty; Why?

Thursday morning over 50 members of the street department and about 15 from the park department went on a strike, tying up temporarily all activity at the city barn and curtailing activities about the city parks. This strike was called by the recently organized union of municipal workers of the CIO local No. 78 after Mayor Wilson failed to sign the agreement drawn up by the local union officials. The showdown was brought about directly by the firing of six employees the past week.

According to the city administration they were discharged because of lack of funds with which to pay them. The union claims that these men were fired without any regard to their union seniority claims. One representative of this recently organized labor group states that there would still be plenty of money to pay for labor if less were spent on street repair material. Our informant also says that the street department is now paying about five times as much for material as it is for labor.

There has been some rumor to the effect that the city of Marion is getting practically the same street material for four dollars for which the city of Muncie pays \$6.50.

The labor group feels that economy in the street department should not be limited to the wages of workers alone.

Another argument they put up is that if the city officials wish to fire men in that department why don't they fire the "never works."

This paper has received information to the effect that Ralph Gates, newly elected Republican state chairman, is expected to come to Muncie Saturday to meet with Edward Kelley, C.I.O. organizer here, and the city officials to work out a satisfactory agreement in this

municipal strike situation. Just why so much political pressure would be needed here to iron out this strike, our informant didn't explain, but seemed content it would work.

In the meantime our garbage will probably pile mountain high, and the streets and alleys will probably go unattended. In any event the many householders are expecting Mayor Wilson to straighten out this difficulty as quickly as possible.

A notice was said to have been posted at the city barn by the Mayor Thursday morning which was addressed to the strikers of the street department as follows:

"To employees of the city street department as of Wednesday, Aug. 20, 1941.
"The welfare of the public has priority over the interests of individuals or groups.
"Your action involves the health and necessary public services of all our citizens. You are therefore requested to report for duty as usual Friday morning, Aug. 22.
"This is a final invitation to reinstatement to your position.
"Ira J. Wilson, mayor."
The implied threat to these street workers that they would be

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SELECT TEN TO ACT AS ADVISORS

Delaware County Group Will Assist Farmers In Planning

Ten Delaware County citizens have been named on committees to advise and assist in the operation of the rehabilitation and tenant purchase programs of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Otto E. Breitwieser, supervisor for Farm Security Administration, announced the appointments, made by Dr. E. H. Shideler, FSA State Director at Lafayette.

The members appointed by Dr. Shideler are: Ernest Freeman, H. Reid Bowers, Lawrence Brammer, Ruth A. Swanders, Grover Arbogast, Chalmers Kern, Mark Broadwater, Edwin C. Munro, Harvey King, and Samuel Michael.

Mr. Breitwieser said that Ernest Freeman, H. Reid Bowers and Lawrence Brammer will serve as members of the subcommittee on the Tenant purchase program, Chalmers Kern, Ernest Freeman and Mark Broadwater will serve on the subcommittee on Farm Debt Adjustment, and Ruth A. Swanders, Grover Arbogast and H. Reid Bowers will serve on the subcommittee for the Rural Rehabilitation program.

Edwin C. Munro, Harvey King, and Samuel Michael are members at large on the various phases of assistance to low income farm families.

Farm Security Administration is the agency of the U. S. Department of Agriculture which assists low income farm families to take full advantage of the other services of the national agricultural program, such as soil improvement, diversified farming and increased production for the home use. Mr. Breitwieser pointed out, it enables the disadvantaged farmers to make use of the improved farming practices developed by the Extension Service and State Agricultural Experiment Station.

The Tenant Purchase program provides funds for the purchase of family type farms by qualified tenants under the Bankhead-Jones Tenant Purchase Act.

G.O.P. Editor Want End of Isolationist Fight Against Unity

Paul C. Smith, editor and general manager of the staunch Republican San Francisco Chronicle, in a recent radio address called upon the American people to direct a flood of letters, postcards and telegrams at leading isolationists urging them to support Roosevelt in his leadership "of a united people, dedicated to the destruction of Hitlerism."

Mr. Smith said that Senator Burton K. Wheeler, Senator Gerald P. Nye, Charles Lindbergh, William Randolph Hearst and other non-interventionists were the leaders of "disunity" in one of the most critical hours in the history of our country.

"Tell them right now that you expect them to support your President and their President in his leadership of a united people, dedicated to the destruction of Hitlerism by whatever, wherever and however it may be done," Mr. Smith said.

"Let them know what you expect of them. It is within your power to produce a united United States. There will be no alleviation to the present world crisis until Hitler and all his workers are eradicated from the face of the earth."

"Hitler calls it a world revolution. His stooges, both the innocent and the wise, call his revolution the wave of the future. It is really the undertow of the past."

The unhappy young rancher and his volcanic bride—or is she? A marriage license pinned to a corsage persuaded her to marry him, she says, but the flowers faded and so did the bridegroom when she found he had forgotten he had another wife. Read of her swift romance and even swifter disillusionment in the American Weekly, the magazine distributed with next week's Sunday Chicago Herald-American.

Carving character with the surgeon's knife. Disposing of too troublesome consciences and worries which cause one kind of insanity, by chiseling through "nerve wires" in the fronts of our brains. Read this popular science article in The American Weekly, the magazine distributed with next week's Sunday Chicago Herald-American.

DISPELLING THE FOG

BY CHARLES MICHELSON

When it is urged by those concerned with American national defense that a Hitler triumph would spell slavery for the non-Nazi world, some people are inclined to regard the statement as a propagandist exaggeration. Wild as it sounds, it is a simple actuality.

The totalitarian projects is the establishment of a system under which the supremacy of one set of Germans will be established. They are to constitute a universal aristocracy, arrogating to themselves all the power, all the wealth and all the opportunities of a superior race. This is not, according to the Hitler program, to embrace all the German people. The German farmer, for example, must stick to the farm. He may not sell it or mortgage it except with express consent of the Government. It descends to his eldest son, who must marry a farm girl. Gradually the system is being extended to industrial workers, mechanics, etc. The younger sons are to be taken into the army and subsequently be supplied with farms of their own in the conquered countries.

Higher education is being restricted to a small class of the ruling Germans. As Douglas Miller, who was our Commercial Attache in Berlin during the whole of the Nazi regime, put it, this restriction "will soon allow exact scientific and technical knowledge to die out among the slave peoples. After a generation they will be unable to use the tools of modern science as their own." Mr. Miller mentions also another group of leaders, who will constitute what amounts to a superfine gangster mob in the government service. "They must be fanatically loyal to Hitler and the Nazi movement and imbued with the idea of the master race and their chosen privilege as leaders. This group will not be burdened by conscientious doubts and inner troubles of the spirit."

"Friendly Cooperation"

Mr. Miller's book, "You Can't Do Business With Hitler," consists very largely of an analysis of the commercial situation as it would have to be, provided that the Fuehrer is successful in his various campaigns. But incidentally he furnishes us with some marvellous sidelights on the Nazi habits of thought. For example, he tells of Dr. Goebbels' approach to an American official in Berlin complaining that American broadcasters and the press were insulting the Fuehrer. His proposal to our Embassy was that we select some Nazi journalist or broadcaster whom we disliked. Dr. Goebbels promised that he would arrest the designated offender within twenty-four hours and permit us to dictate the form and extent of the punishment he should receive. "Now," said the Nazi Minister of Propaganda, "why can't we have the same sort of friendly cooperation on the part of the American government?"

An indication of the trading situation in which we would find ourselves is furnished by the precedent in Sweden. There, a Swedish firm was told it could not continue its extensive sales to Germany unless it discharged from its employ—in Sweden—all persons whom the Nazis considered undesirable, and promised to drop all advertisements in newspapers which carried anti-Hitler news.

"It is an illusion," says the book, "to suppose that after the war we could get rid of our surplus agricultural commodities to a totalitarian Europe on any advantageous basis. Any products of which we had a surplus would be just the product they would not buy. For example, in the last few years the Germans put a maximum price of six cents per pound on United States cotton while at the same time they were buying cotton of inferior quality from Latin America, Africa and Asia at nine to ten cents a pound."

The Dangers of Barter

"Suppose we try to trade with Hitler," propounds the ex-American Commercial Attache. "The American Government must then commence negotiations in Berlin for some sort of exchange of commodities. We shall be handicapped at every turn because the Germans can put pressure upon factions and commodity groups in this country to secure larger shares of the deal for their own particular advantage. We shall not be able to interfere in the same way in Germany, because over there no one but the central government can

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CLARENCE BENADUM TRYING TO ORGANIZE "AMERICA FIRST, INC." AMONG MISINFORMED CITIZENS

One evening the past week, a meeting was held on South Walnut street for the purpose of organizing the Delaware Co. chapter of America First Inc. According to one who looked in on the meeting there were eight or nine persons present.

It was conducted by Jess Reed, local auctioneer, Lincoln Lesh and Clarence Benadum, Muncie attorneys. The fact that the attendance was so small would indicate that the people of this community are not likely to be taken in to any great extent by false doctrines put out by the Lindberghs, Wheelers, Benadums and their like.

The people of this community are just beginning to feel that they have begun to live down the old Ku Klux Klan notoriety, and they will in all probability think twice before they join up with anything even remotely resembling that organization. It is doubtful if a substantial number of local citizens can be found here who will knowingly subscribe to any propaganda put out by questionable organizations.

About a year ago there was organized in Muncie a secret organization which went under some such name as Christian Crusaders or Christian Front that burned fiery crosses, put stickers on automobiles and gave other evidence of its existence until about the time the Dies committee and other government agencies became active. About this time also periodicals, magazines and newspapers brought

MUNCIE TAXPAYERS FACE \$4.05 TAX RATE

FARM PROGRAM IS EXPANSIVE

Will Be Arranged To Meet General Rural Conditions

The United States Department of Agriculture announces the 1942 AAA Farm program designed to encourage more soil conservation and greater production of agricultural products for defense needs.

The new program, according to State AAA officials, will place a minimum of 25 per cent of Indiana's crop land in soil conserving corps. State AAA officials, when contacted, also pointed out that the new over-all program was developed to fit the different conditions in the entire United States. They said that Indiana will continue to have corn, wheat, tobacco and soil depleting allotments because Indiana is recognized as a surplus feed producing area.

This announcement comes on the heels of the August 1 crop report, which shows that, despite the drought, Indiana will have a record or near record production of feed crops this year.

The department pointed out that in some sections of the United States minimum goals will replace the total soil depleting allotments as one of the program's chief measures for encouraging greater use of soil conserving crops. The total allotments are being eliminated in most of the country in order to promote increased acreages of crops called for by the defense program, but are being retained in designated surplus feed-producing areas, such as Indiana, to stabilize feed production.

As in previous years, acreage allotments will be determined for corn, cotton, peanuts, potatoes, rice, tobacco, and wheat, and farmers may earn payments for seeding within these allotments.

Local State AAA Committees and the AAA will designate the areas in which the total farm allotments will be used in 1942. These areas will be limited to counties in which there is normally produced a surplus of feed crops in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas and Wisconsin.

Narrow Margin Indicates Fear of Men in Congress

By the narrow margin of one vote, the House of Representatives voted to continue to build a modern army for this country by extending the draft eighteen months. This gives them a 2½-year service. A \$10.00 bonus for each month spent in the army after the year's service. This is the most frightful thing that has happened to the United States since the world turmoil started. It means we are confused as badly as was France just before they permitted Hitler to take them over. It means we are in the greatest danger at any time in our history. What we know as Free France has joined Hitler. Japan is encroaching on us day by day and with Hitler's increased French navy and his additions in Africa we never were in such danger before. Do our congressmen want us to turn our country over to Hitler, pay him billions in tribute to be let alone or what do they want? Too many congressmen were looking forward to the coming election more than patriotism. Apparently patriotism has dried up almost fifty per cent in the lower house.—The Winslow Dispatch.

Delaware County Boy Is Given Honor

Having proved himself capable of doing satisfactory Holstein Calf Club work, Wendell Carmichael, Muncie, R. R. 5, has just been awarded a Certificate of Merit and junior membership in the Holstein-Friesian Association of America, Brattleboro, Vermont.

All privileges of the association except voting have been given to him until he is twenty-one years old. He was recommended by the State Club leader and he is the 6,076th Holstein Calf Club member to achieve this national recognition.

NITROGEN BOOSTS BEETS

Bakersfield, Cal.—Sugar beet growers in the San Joaquin Valley are using more nitrogen than ever before on their crops this year, and an increase of 12,000 tons in the yield in this county alone is anticipated. Prior to 1938, growers used no fertilizer.

All Requests Submitted Would Raise Over \$400,000 More Tax Revenue in 1942; Six Townships Also Show Increases While Other Six Have Reduced Their Levies; Budgets To Be Reviewed By Tax Approving Bodies.

With all the five local taxing units for the City of Muncie having filed their budgets and tax levies for next year, the taxpayers must now depend on the seven various approving boards to save them from a \$4.05 total tax rate proposed to be collected in 1942. This levy on each \$100 of assessed valuation would increase the present rate by 73 cents and soar above the all-time high total rate in Muncie by 25 cents.

The seventy-three cent increase

is due to a requested advance by the city of 20 1-2 cents, 34 cents by the school city, 19 cents by the county, and 1 1-2 cents for the library board. A two cent decrease is shown by that part of the Center township levy paid by city taxpayers. The city council meets Monday night to review the city city budget and levies, the school

board holds a public hearing on their expenditures for next year on August 28, the county council and township advisory board will check over their requests on September 2.

The twelve townships of Delaware county split even on the (Continued On Page Four)

M'NUTT WARNS OF DANGER

South Bend, Ind.—With the largest attendance in history, Indiana legionnaires assembled this week at South Bend to hear an address by former Governor Paul V. McNutt, now federal security administrator, on the dangers facing America in the crisis today. Mr. McNutt is a former national commander of the American Legion and was welcomed by many of his World War buddies.

Because of his extensive back-ground in national and world affairs, Administrator McNutt is regarded as one of the most capable analysts of the current situation. He knows the problems that face America and has a ready answer for them.

The highlights of his address before the Legion members, as given below, present a clear picture of conditions in both the nation and world.

"Isolation itself creates the conditions which breed war. In the beginning it strangles trade. This in turn beats down the standard of living."

"A nation which seeks to isolate itself in today's pitiless world makes a heavy contribution to the disruption of world economy and to that extent encourages misunderstanding and hostility."

"If the history of our times has taught us anything, it has taught us the folly of attempts to withdraw from the rest of the world. Attempts to do so embrace dangers too great to risk."

"The foreign policy of the United States guided by but one consideration—the security of the Western Hemisphere and the protection of the life and institutions which we have built here."

"Total war has brought new perils. And with it has come the realization that no nation can wait until the enemy's guns are directed toward its shores or his tanks roaring across its borders. The graveyard of European nations bears tragic witness to the fatal effect of such a policy."

"Let it be remembered that if we are close to war, it is not because of this nation's foreign policy. We are close to war because of the foreign policy of the Nazis, the Fascists and the Japanese and because of what is happening in Europe, in Russia and in the Far East."

"It is urged that we can do business with the Nazis if we have to. We could undoubtedly do business with them provided we did it on Nazi terms. What those terms would be we can understand from the condition under which they do business with other nations today. Competent observers of the Nazi way assures us that there is no such thing as simple trade relations with Hitler's Germany."

"Appeasement and compromise with dictators carries with it but two alternatives: either the abandonment, one by one, of free institutions or a lonely, hazardous and increasingly precarious national existence. Isolated and imprisoned within the boundaries of the continental United States—a nation stripped of world influence and even within the limits of its own shores, at the mercy of a foe knows neither honor nor fair play."

"We are trying to keep America out of war, it is true. But above all, we are trying to keep the war out of America."

"The national policy is fixed and the course set. It has been determined by traditional democratic methods. Everyone had his say and no one is in jail for what he has said. The nation now has the right to call upon all its citizens to support that policy, whether they approved it or not."

"A free government is a government of debate and discussion. Not a government of edict. But no man stops to debate when his home is on fire."

SHALL HITLER DESTROY DEMOCRACY IN AMERICA?

Senator Claude Pepper, Democrat, of Florida, in a recent address delivered before the National Convention of Townsend Clubs, at Buffalo, assailed the principal proponents of isolationism in this country. He accused Senator Burton K. Wheeler, Senator Gerald P. Nye, Col. Chas. Lindbergh, and former President Herbert Hoover of being the "real war mongers of America."

"They would deceive the people about the real issue and play with their skilled hands upon whatever credulity they may find. They would have the people of America help Hitler by refusing to help Hitler's enemies."

Renewing his charge of a year ago in the Senate, Mr. Pepper said:

"I accuse the Herbert Hoovers, the Charles Lindberghs, the Roy Howards, the Senator Wheelers, Senator Nyes and the General Woods, and those working with and through the so-called America First Committee who are now and have been dragging America into war."

"I accuse those who, in the name of isolation, opposed this country doing anything to stop Hitler when he repudiated the Versailles Treaty, when he re-established conscription and turned Germany into an armed camp for the purpose of aggression."

"I accuse those who denounced as a meddler and a warmonger President Roosevelt when he, seeing the hideous assault which Hitler was getting ready to loose upon the earth, the dread disease of war with which he was about to scourge the earth with another bubonic plague, called out to the American people, to the peace loving peoples of the world, to cooperate in quarantining such a menace to the world safety, with being the real war-mongers of America."

"I accuse those who for nine long months delayed the repeal of the Arms Embargo, and therefore by giving him reason to believe that we would not under any circumstances furnish implements of war to Britain, if he attacked her, encouraged Hitler to start this war in 1939, and in delaying for nine months the starting of our own war industries upon a large scale, with being the real war-mongers of America."

"I accuse those who in 1940 opposed the Selective Service Law and the training of America's men to defend America, and to make the world respect America and what we stood for, with being the real war-mongers of America."

"I accuse those who in 1941 delayed and obstructed the passage of the Lease-Lend Bill and thereby delayed and since then have obstructed material aid to those fighting against Hitler, with being those who have dragged America closer and closer to the brink of war, and are the real war-mongers of America."

"I challenge these pretenders to the throne of peace for America to tell America at what price they want peace."

ONE IN FOUR BREAKS PAROLE

Des Moines, Ia.—Nearly one-fourth of the prisoners paroled from Iowa penitentiaries for men "break parole," but fewer than one-third of the violators get away the annual report of the state board of parole revealed.

RAZOR PRIZED, SHAVED GRANT

Lowville, N. Y.—An old razor, used to shave Ulysses S. Grant when he was an officer in the Mexican War, has been found. Donald Tisse, Lewis county court clerk, discovered the razor, which belonged to his grandfather, J. J. Tisse, who served in the Mexican War as an aide to Grant.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF COUNTY COUNCIL

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a Special Meeting of the County Council of Delaware County, Indiana, will be held at the usual meeting place, to-wit: the County Auditor's Office, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. on the 22nd day of September, 1941, to consider and act on the request of the County Board of Public Welfare for additional appropriations to maintain the welfare services of said County, the amount said additional appropriations being as follows:

Children—\$2,000.00
Assistance for dependent relatives—\$2,000.00
Assistance for dependent relatives—\$2,000.00

Legal Notice

NOTICE OF IMPROVEMENT RESOLUTION

Notice is hereby given by the Board of Public Works and Safety of the City of Muncie, Indiana, that it is desired to make the following described public improvements in the City of Muncie, Indiana, as authorized by a further hearing, numbered preliminary improvement Resolutions, adopted by said Board on the 6th day of August, 1941, to-wit:

Improvement Resolution No. 840—1941, for construction of curb and gutter on both sides of 16th Street from Mock Avenue to Meeker Avenue.

Improvement Resolution No. 841—1941, for construction of curb and gutter on both sides of 14th Street from Pierce Street to one block East of Elliott Street.

All work done in the making of said described public improvements shall be in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Improvement Resolution, as numbered, adopted by the Board of Public Works, on the above named date, and the drawings, plans and specifications which are on file in the office of said Board, and which are the property of the City of Muncie, Indiana.

The Board of Public Works and Safety has fixed the 3rd day of September, 1941, as a date upon which remonstrances may be filed or heard by persons interested in, or affected by, said described public improvements, and on said date the Board of Public Works and Safety will meet at its office, to-wit: the County Auditor's Office, at 10 o'clock P. M., said Board of Public Works and Safety will meet at its office, to-wit: the County Auditor's Office, at 10 o'clock P. M., said Board of Public Works and Safety will meet at its office, to-wit: the County Auditor's Office, at 10 o'clock P. M.

By WILBUR A. FULL, Clerk

Aug. 18-22

Legal Notice

LEGAL NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Notice is hereby given that the Local Alcoholic Beverage Board of Delaware County, Indiana, will, on the 30th day of September, 1941, at 9:30 a. m., Central Standard Time, on the 30th day of September, 1941, at the County House in the City of Muncie, Indiana, begin investigation of the application of the Alcohol Beverage Commission of Indiana, for a license to sell and consume the class hereinafter designated and will, at said time and place, receive information concerning the fitness of said applicant, and the propriety of issuing the permit applied for to such applicant at the premises named.

Edward Frazer, 7425 S. Transfer Beer, Wine, Liqueurs, 7425 S. Walnut St., Muncie.

Said investigation will be open to the public, and public participation is requested.

Alcoholic Beverage Commission of Indiana by JOHN F. NOONAN

Secretary HUGH A. BARNHART

Excise Auditor

Aug. 22

Legal Notice

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT

State of Indiana, Delaware County, Ralph H. Thornburg

Mildred C. Thornburg

In the Delaware Circuit Court

April 1941 Term of Court

Complaint: Divorce

No. 1418

Notice is hereby given the said defendant Mildred C. Thornburg that the plaintiff has filed his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that the said defendant is not a resident of the State of Indiana, and that unless she appears and answer on Monday the 20th day of October, 1941, the 43rd day of the next term of said Court, at the City of Muncie, in said County and State, the said cause will be heard and determined in her absence.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court, attested at the City of Muncie, Ind., this 21st day of August, A. D. 1941.

JESSE E. GREENE, Clerk

George H. Koenig, Plaintiff's Attorney

Aug. 22-29, Sept. 5

R. O. T. C. School

Attracts Many Star Athletes

Philadelphia—Uncle Sam received an all-star line-up for his army squad when 350 ex-college athletes, representing 59 institutions of learning from coast to coast, came to Philadelphia to begin R. O. T. C. courses at the Quartermaster school.

The men began a three-months course covering various phases of officers' duties under the direction of Col. H. L. Whitaker.

Among the reserve officers tak-

Legal Notice

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES.

In the matter of determining the tax rates for certain purposes by Union Township, Delaware County, Indiana, before the Township Advisory Board, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality, at their regular meeting place, on the 2nd day of September, 1941, will consider the following budget:

TOWNSHIP BUDGET CLASSIFICATION

TOWNSHIP FUND	Amount
Office rent	\$ 720
Trustee's traveling expense	150
Trustee's office supplies	100
Office supplies, printing and advertising	400
Pay of Advisory Board	400
Fire Protection	300
Examination of Records	300
Care of cemeteries	300
Janitor service	300
Light and power	300
Miscellaneous	200
Total Township Fund	\$2,000

TUITION FUND

Pay of teachers	\$26,840
School transfers	150
Total Tuition Fund	\$26,990

BOND FUND

Principal	\$4,000
Interest	350
Total Bond Fund	\$4,350

POOR RELIEF FUND

Administrative Expense:	\$ 288
Al. Medical, hospital and burial	1,960
B2. Other direct relief	1,960
B3. Total Direct Relief (Total B1 and B2)	3,920
Other relief	5,646
Total Poor Relief Fund	\$10,504

ESTIMATE OF FUNDS TO BE RAISED.

FUND	Township	Special	Tuition	Bond
1. Total Budget Estimate for Incoming Year	\$2,000	\$27,335	\$26,990	\$4,350
2. Necessary expenditures to be made from Appropriations	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
3. Unexpended July 31, of present year	1,700	5,500	14,200	2,350
4. Additional appropriations to be made from Appropriations	1,700	5,500	14,200	2,350
5. Total Funds Required (Add Lines 1, 2, 3 and 4)	3,700	13,000	38,400	4,350

FUNDS ON HAND AND TO BE RECEIVED FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN THE PROPOSED RATE OF TAX LEVY.

FUND	Amount
1. Actual balance, July 31, present year	2,532
2. Taxes to be collected, present year	1,203
3. Miscellaneous revenue, other than from August 1, of present year (See schedule in Trustee's Office)	4,600
4. Total Funds (Add Lines 1, 2, 3 and 4)	8,335
5. Net amount to be raised for expenses to December 31, of ensuing year	1,065
6. Operating balance (Not in excess of expense January 1, to June 30, less miscellaneous revenue for same period)	1,450
7. Amount to be raised by Tax Levy	3,785
Total	\$12,575

PROPOSED LEVIES.

FUND	Levy on Township	Levy on Property	Levy on Amount
1. Township	\$ 2.53	\$ 1.13	\$ 3.66
2. Tuition	1.00	46	1.06
3. Bond	24	4	28
Total	\$ 3.78	\$ 1.63	\$ 5.41

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED AND TO BE COLLECTED.

FUND	Collected	Collected	Collected	To Be Collected
1. Township	\$1,895	\$1,895	\$1,895	\$1,895
2. Tuition	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136
3. Bond	2,264	2,264	2,264	2,264
Total	\$5,295	\$5,295	\$5,295	\$5,295

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Miscellaneous	200
Total Township Fund	\$2,000

TUITION FUND

Pay of teachers	\$26,840
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BOND FUND—SPECIAL SCHOOL

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PROPOSED LEVIES.

FUND	Levy on Township	Levy on Property	Levy on Amount
1. Township	\$ 2.53	\$ 1.13	\$ 3.66
2. Tuition	1.00	46	1.06
3. Bond	24	4	28
Total	\$ 3.78	\$ 1.63	\$ 5.41

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED AND TO BE COLLECTED.

FUND	Collected	Collected	Collected	To Be Collected
1. Township	\$1,895	\$1,895	\$1,895	\$1,895
2. Tuition	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136
3. Bond	2,264	2,264	2,264	2,264
Total	\$5,295	\$5,295	\$5,295	\$5,295

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES.

In the matter of determining the tax rates for certain purposes by Hamilton Township, Delaware County, Indiana, before the Township Advisory Board, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality, at their regular meeting place, on the 2nd day of September, 1941, will consider the following budget:

TOWNSHIP BUDGET CLASSIFICATION

TOWNSHIP FUND	Amount
Office rent	\$ 720
Trustee's traveling expense	150
Trustee's office supplies	100
Office supplies, printing and advertising	400
Pay of Advisory Board	400
Fire Protection	300
Examination of Records	300
Care of cemeteries	300
Janitor service	300
Light and power	300
Miscellaneous	200
Total Township Fund	\$2,000

TUITION FUND

Pay of teachers	\$26,840
School transfers	150
Total Tuition Fund	\$26,990

BOND FUND—SPECIAL SCHOOL

Principal	\$4,000
Interest	350
Total Bond Fund	\$4,350

POOR RELIEF FUND

Administrative Expense:	\$ 288
Al. Medical, hospital and burial	1,960
B2. Other direct relief	1,960
B3. Total Direct Relief (Total B1 and B2)	3,920
Other relief	5,646
Total Poor Relief Fund	\$10,504

ESTIMATE OF FUNDS TO BE RAISED.

FUND	Township	Special	Tuition	Bond
1. Total Budget Estimate for Incoming Year	\$2,000	\$27,335	\$26,990	\$4,350
2. Necessary expenditures to be made from Appropriations	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
3. Unexpended July 31, of present year	1,700	5,500	14,200	2,350
4. Additional appropriations to be made from Appropriations	1,700	5,500	14,200	2,350
5. Total Funds Required (Add Lines 1, 2, 3 and 4)	3,700	13,000	38,400	4,350

FUNDS ON HAND AND TO BE RECEIVED FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN THE PROPOSED RATE OF TAX LEVY.

FUND	Amount
1. Actual balance, July 31, present year	2,532
2. Taxes to be collected, present year	1,203
3. Miscellaneous revenue, other than from August 1, of present year (See schedule in Trustee's Office)	4,600
4. Total Funds (Add Lines 1, 2, 3 and 4)	8,335
5. Net amount to be raised for expenses to December 31, of ensuing year	1,065
6. Operating balance (Not in excess of expense January 1, to June 30, less miscellaneous revenue for same period)	1,450
7. Amount to be raised by Tax Levy	3,785
Total	\$12,575

PROPOSED LEVIES.

FUND	Levy on Township	Levy on Property	Levy on Amount
1. Township	\$ 2.53	\$ 1.13	\$ 3.66
2. Tuition	1.00	46	1.06
3. Bond	24	4	28
Total	\$ 3.78	\$ 1.63	\$ 5.41

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED AND TO BE COLLECTED.

FUND	Collected	Collected	Collected	To Be Collected
1. Township	\$1,895	\$1,895	\$1,895	\$1,895
2. Tuition	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136
3. Bond	2,264	2,264	2,264	2,264
Total	\$5,295	\$5,295	\$5,295	\$5,295

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES.

In the matter of determining the tax rates for certain purposes by Hamilton Township, Delaware County, Indiana, before the Township Advisory Board, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality, at their regular meeting place, on the 2nd day of September, 1941, will consider the following budget:

TOWNSHIP BUDGET CLASSIFICATION

TOWNSHIP FUND	Amount
Office rent	\$ 720
Trustee's traveling expense	150
Trustee's office supplies	100
Office supplies, printing and advertising	400
Pay of Advisory Board	400
Fire Protection	300
Examination of Records	300
Care of cemeteries	300
Janitor service	300
Light and power	300
Miscellaneous	200
Total Township Fund	\$2,000

TUITION FUND

Pay of teachers	\$26,840
School transfers	150
Total Tuition Fund	\$26,990

BOND FUND—SPECIAL SCHOOL

Principal	\$4,000
Interest	350
Total Bond Fund	\$4,350

POOR RELIEF FUND

Administrative Expense:	\$ 288
Al. Medical, hospital and burial	1,960
B2. Other direct relief	1,960
B3. Total Direct Relief (Total B1 and B2)	3,920
Other relief	5,646
Total Poor Relief Fund	\$10,504

Legal Notice

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES.

In the matter of determining the tax rates for certain purposes by Union Township, Delaware County, Indiana, before the Township Advisory Board, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality, at their regular meeting place, on the 2nd day of September, 1941, will consider the following budget:

TOWNSHIP BUDGET CLASSIFICATION

TOWNSHIP FUND	Amount
Office rent	\$ 720
Trustee's traveling expense	150
Trustee's office supplies	100
Office supplies, printing and advertising	400
Pay of Advisory Board	400

THE POST-DEMOCRAT

Democratic weekly newspaper representing the Democrats of Muncie, Delaware County and the 10th Congressional District, The only Democratic Newspaper in Delaware County.

Entered as second class matter January 15, 1921, at the Postoffice at Muncie, Indiana, under Act of March 3, 1879.

PRICE 5 CENTS—\$1.50 A YEAR

MRS. GEO. K. DALE, Publisher
916 West Main street.

Muncie, Indiana, Friday, August 22, 1941.

GROUND MEN TO BE USED IN NAVY

Aviation Mechanics Will Be Attached To Naval Service

An announcement was made in Washington, D. C., this week that the U. S. Navy will need more men who desire basic training for aviation ground work. To supply this need, schools have been established at four separate Naval air stations to give instructions in the work of aviation metallsmith, aviation machinist's mate, aviation ordnance man and aviation radioman. Loca-

tions of these schools are Jacksonville, Florida; Norfolk, Virginia; Pensacola, Florida; and San Diego, California.

Information from the Indianapolis Navy recruiting station points out that these schools are open to recruits who have the aptitude and quality for this schooling on the completion of their recruit training period and before their assignment to sea duty. These aviation ground work schools are called Class "A" Schools, Group I, because they give basic instruction and are the 4th group of trade schools open to recruits, the others being Group I, electrical and ordnance; Group II, communication and clerical; and Group III, machinists, metallworkers or aviation ordnancemen.

The aviation metallsmith course gives special instruction in the properties of metals, heat-treat-

ment of metals, cutting, forging, and in those phases of welding and brazing essential to aviation. Aviation machinist's mate training covers bench, vice and floor work necessary to the machinist and instruction in the use of power tools. Seamen who are interested in this work will also obtain practical experience in the operation, care and repair of aviation engines used in the Navy and will learn to assemble such engines as well as learn to install them in planes and check all phases of operation such as carburetion, timing and lubrication. Aviation ordnancemen training consists of instruction in the use and maintenance of machine-guns and other weapons used in Naval aircraft. This course includes a study of boresighting guns, synchronizing gun fire with propellers in motion, mounting and effective use of guns. The recruit entering this course of instruction also will learn the use of gun cameras, and the rigging and release of high-speed targets for practice.

Aviation radiomen receive general radio training in addition to those phases of radio peculiar to aircraft. In addition to the technical job training outlined above, Indianapolis Navy recruiting station informant stated that there are nearly fifty trade jobs and vocations for which a patriotic young man can receive training if he joins Uncle Sam's new "Two-Ocean" Navy.

DISPELLING THE FOG

(Continued From Page One)

conduct business negotiations with a foreign power except on pain of death."

The author points out that if, on the other hand, we make barter arrangements governmental, that would mean the end of free enterprise in business in the United States.

Two-thirds of our foreign trade is with the British Empire. Another great segment of our commerce is with Japan. If Hitler wins, we lose all that business, and probably most of the South American trade as well. Quite apart from the political implications, and even if these markets were left partially open to us, our merchants and our factories could not compete with the products of the slave labor that Hitler would command.

Hitler's course, as far as it has already gone, shows the reality of this slavery. For example, to provide the new German landlords with Polish estates the greater part of the Poles and Jews have been hustled out to supply this labor. Thousands of the conquered Poles, as well as Czechs, Belgians, Danes, Norwegians, and Dutch have been taken from their homes and brought to Germany and put to work in the German industrial and transportation enterprises. They must work or starve.

A Nazi Motto

All this sounds like the atrocity stories we heard in the last war. It merely happens that this time they are perfectly true. The Nazis have no inhibitions based on the Beatitudes. Professor Spengler, for example, in his book, "The Decline of the West" announced, "the Democratic nations must disappear, because they put their trust in illusions, more particularly the illusions of truth and justice. There is only one reality in the world—force."

And from Hitler's own newspaper, the Voelkischer Beobachter (Popular Observer), Mr. Miller quotes: "Justice and good nature should be limited to one's own people."

MUNCIE

(Continued From Page One)

number of increases and decreases in tax rates for next year. Six of the trustees have raised their levies from the present rates excluding amounts for reimbursing county revenue and poor bonds. Six of them have shown decreases over the present levies in their townships. The total increases in the six townships amount to 34 cents while the total decreases in the other six townships amount to 58 cents.

Niles township which has maintained a very low tax levy for several years under the guidance of Trustee Charles Weaver will have a twenty-two cent increase for next year if the proposed budget and rate is finally adopted. The other increases range from one cent advance asked for Mt. Pleasant township, two cents for Salem township, to three cents each in Center, Harrison, and Delaware townships.

The decreases in township levies from the present rates are marked with a 30 cent reduction in Washington township, 15 cents in Hamilton township, 15 cents in Center township, 10 cents in Salem township, and three cents on each \$100 of assessed valuation in Liberty township. Total township rates are apt to be increased in nearly all townships if the proposed county levies are unchanged with a 19 cent advance over the present rate.

The taxpayers association headed by Lester Bush, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, are endeavoring to awaken the interest

of all taxpayers in the effort to reduce all proposed rates with the purpose of lowering the total, city levy from the present \$3.32 on each \$100 of assessed valuation. The new proposed tax rate for Muncie would raise over \$400,000 more than the present levy or nearly 25 per cent in excess of the present local tax revenue.

The Tax Research Bureau of the Chamber of Commerce have already recommended reductions to the city which would provide for a \$1.00 tax levy. This amount would out the proposed rate for next year by 40 cents and reduce the levy from the present figure by 19 1/2 cents. Other recommendations by this bureau are expected to ask for material reductions in all other taxing units which would either maintain the present total tax rate in Muncie or bring about a further reduction for 1942.

CITY STREET

(Continued From Page One)

fired if they failed to return to work immediately would not likely prove to be a happy solution to the case. It will not be solved as easily as that. Many serious complications might be expected to follow, in event that were attempted.

There is a rumor that garbage and trash collections may be turned over to private individuals by contract for the remainder of the year. If this course were pursued by the city, the administration would likely find itself in more hot water. An act of this kind could probably be construed as strike breaking.

CLARENCE

(Continued From Page One)

originally started by several Republican American Legion members there who had the foresight to see what was likely to happen to this country in the event Hitler could be successfully stopped by European countries in his mad ambition to rule the world. Many months ago this group of citizens foresaw conditions exactly as they have developed up to now, and is now urging all people, irrespective of political affiliations, to join its ranks for all out aid to England, Russia, China or any other country that might need assistance to stop the Hitler menace now.

The Delaware Co. Chapter of the Indiana Committee for National Defense will hold a meeting at the city hall next Wednesday evening at 7:30 and the public is cordially invited to be present.

A WEAKENED GERMANY

An emperor of ancient times, after winning a great battle, said this: "One more such victory, and I am ruined. His losses of men and material had been so great that victory left his people weary, exhausted and low in morale."

Some think that may be Hitler's fate even if he finally subduces Russia. At a conservative estimate he has lost, in killed and wounded, 1,000,000 men, and they are the cream of the Reichswehr. In the meantime, his main opponent, the English, are suffering almost no casualties and are growing stronger fast.

Legal Notice

Legal Notice

Legal Notice

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF TAX LEVIES

In the matter of determining the tax rates for certain purposes by Civil City of Muncie, Indiana. Before the Common Council.

Notice is hereby given the taxpayers of the City of Muncie, Delaware County, Indiana, that the proper legal officers of said municipality, at their regular meeting place, at 7:30 p. m. on the 23rd day of August, 1941, will consider the following budget:

BUDGET CLASSIFICATION FOR CITIES

General Fund.

Mayor's Office.	\$ 3,400.00	Current Charges	\$ 3,000.00	Animal Shelter.	\$ 1,375.00
Contractual Service	125.00	Board of Works and Safety.	12.00	Contractual Service	425.00
Supplies	165.00	Personal Service	3,308.00	Supplies	425.00
Controller's Office.	\$ 6,400.00	Contractual Service	142,172.00	Board of Health.	\$ 2,100.00
Contractual Service	750.00	Supplies	5,515.00	Contractual Service	900.00
Supplies	750.00	Current Charges	7,025.00	Supplies	900.00
Current Charges	2,650.00	Properties	10,300.00	Current Charges	1,200.00
City Clerk's Office.	\$ 3,200.00	Police Department.	\$ 116,088.00	Properties	500.00
Contractual Service	150.00	Personal Service	3,300.00	City Treasurer.	\$ 720.00
Supplies	150.00	Contractual Service	9,050.00	Supplies	75.00
Current Charges	20.00	Current Charges	300.00	Current Charges	1,875.00
City Judge's Office.	\$ 4,000.00	Properties	3,800.00	Auditor's Office.	\$ 200.00
Contractual Service	95.00	Police Pension Fund.	\$ 300.00	PARK FUND:	
Supplies	95.00	Contractual Service	135.00	Services Personal	\$ 29,854.00
Current Charges	30.00	Supplies	11.00	Contractual Service	9,121.00
City's Attorney's Office.	\$ 3,800.00	Current Charges	15,884.00	Supplies	3,600.00
Contractual Service	340.00	Estimated Receipts	2,386.46	Current Charges	3,000.00
Supplies	340.00	Amount to be Levied	11,054.10	Properties	7,850.00
Current Charges	125.00	Fire Department.	\$ 126,024.00	Debts	2,500.00
City Engineer's Office.	\$ 7,640.00	Personal Service	4,700.00	SINKING FUND:	
Contractual Service	350.00	Contractual Service	4,300.00	Sinking Fund Commission.	\$ 100.00
Supplies	350.00	Supplies	3,075.00	Current Charges	15.50
Building Commissioner's Office.	\$ 3,840.00	Properties	3,075.00	Debt Payment	\$1,848.74
Contractual Service	30.00	Firemen's Pension Fund.	\$ 220.00	Improvement District Bond Fund	11,975.00
Supplies	30.00	Contractual Service	220.00	GASOLINE TAX:	
Current Charges	12.50	Supplies	45.00	Services Personal	\$ 40,000.00
Common Council.	\$ 2,250.00	Current Charges	24,526.20	Supplies	5,000.00
Contractual Service	1,150.00	Estimated Receipts	25,578.62	Properties	62,000.00
Complete detail of budget estimate may be seen in the Office of City Clerk or Controller.		Amount to be Levied	25,578.62	Amount to be Levied	\$8,677.15

ESTIMATE OF CIVIL CITY FUNDS TO BE RAISED.

FUNDS REQUIRED FOR EXPENSES TO DECEMBER 31 OF INCOMING YEAR:	Corp. Fund	Sinking Fund	Park Fund	Dis. Fund	Police Pension	Fire Pension
1. Total Budget Estimate for incoming year	\$525,131.50	\$ 81,597.24	\$55,875.00	\$11,575.00	\$11,054.10	\$23,578.62
2. Necessary Expenditures to be made from appropriations unexpended July 31st of present year	211,829.93	13,220.46	26,661.93	5,787.50	5,410.50	7,500.92
3. Additional appropriations necessary to be made August 1st to December 31st of present year	None	None	None	None	None	None
4. Outstanding temporary loans to be paid before December 31st of present year	50,000.00	29,225.00	None	None	None	None
5. Total funds required (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4)	\$786,961.52	\$124,042.70	\$82,536.93	\$17,362.50	\$16,464.10	\$31,079.54
FUNDS ON HAND AND TO BE RECEIVED FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN PROPOSED TAX LEVY:						
6. Actual balance, July 31st of present year	23,350.43	None	9,056.47	13.68	None	6,321.92
7. Taxes to be collected, present year (December Settlement)	180,839.70	38,365.55	14,934.41	8,196.09	4,857.30	None
8. Miscellaneous Revenue to be received August 1st of present year to December 31st of incoming year (Schedule on file in Office of City Controller):						
a. Special Taxes	56,500.00	None	2,500.00	None	None	None
b. Fees and all other revenue	105,905.22	None	2,500.00	None	None	None
9. Total Funds (add lines 6, 7, 8a and 8b)	\$866,595.35	\$38,365.55	\$26,490.88	\$5,208.75	\$4,857.30	\$6,321.92
10. NET AMOUNT TO BE RAISED FOR EXPENSES TO DECEMBER 31 OF INCOMING YEAR (deduct line 9 from line 5)	420,366.17	85,677.15	56,045.75	12,153.75	11,606.80	24,757.62
11. Operating balance	40,000.00					
12. Amount to be Raised by Tax Levy	480,366.17	85,677.15	56,045.75	12,153.75	11,606.80	24,757.62

PROPOSED LEVIES.

Net Taxable Property \$47,670,380.00. Number of Taxable Polls 9,230.

NAME OF FUND	Levy on Property	Levy on Polls	Amount to be Raised
General Fund	\$.50	\$1.00	\$480,366.17
Sinking Fund		.12	58,045.75
Park Fund		.025	11,606.80
Police Pension Fund		.05	24,757.62
Fire Pension Fund		\$4,615.00	\$1.40
			\$870,506.47

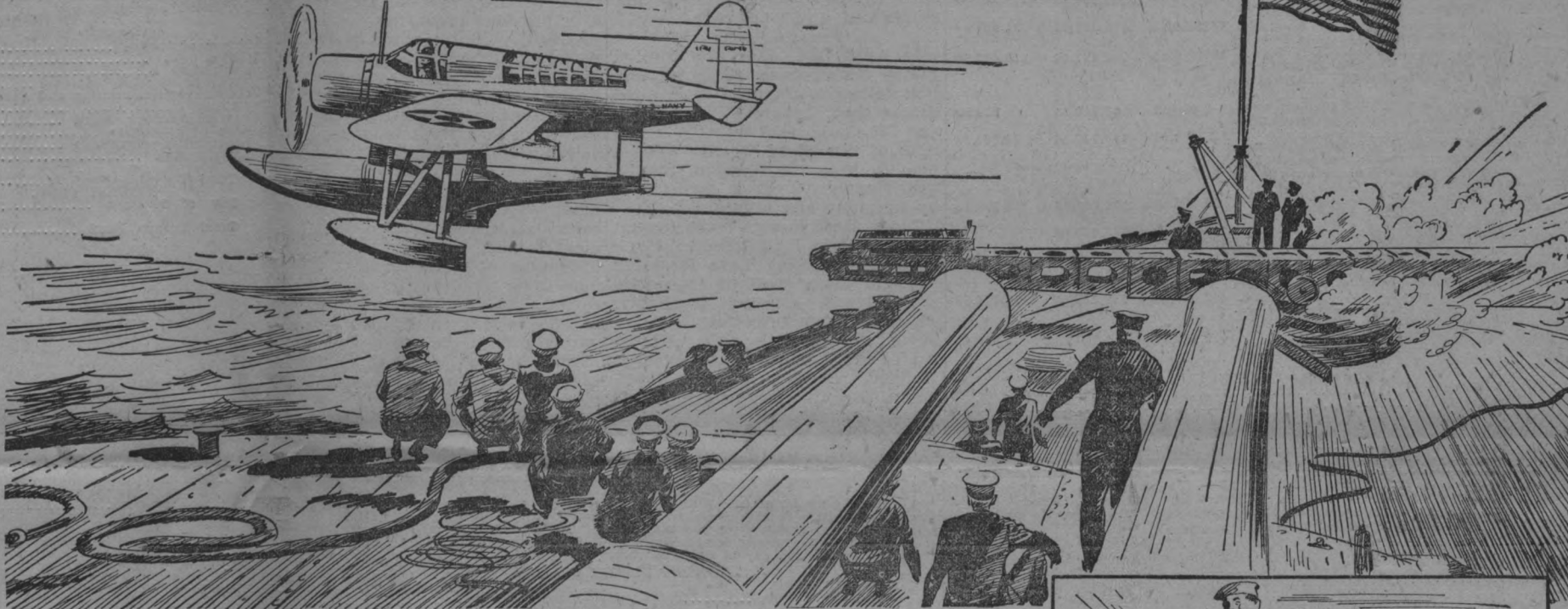
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED AND TO BE COLLECTED.

NAME OF FUND	Collected 1939	Collected 1940	Collected 1941	To Be Collected
General Fund	\$535,766.50	\$491,333.49	\$380,892.29	\$897,651.00
Sinking Fund	69,135.94	24,933.49	44,690.37	79,497.49
Park Fund	69,561.63	40,638.17	47,613.01	28,509.45
Firemen's Pension Fund	8,196.36	4,853.75	3,170.44	11,414.70
Police Pension Fund	9,639.66	9,253.72	11,379.61	13,117.28
Fire Pension Fund				
Total	\$691,702.04	\$541,017.62	\$487,618.72	\$540,180.90

Taxpayers appearing shall have a right to be heard thereon. After the tax levies have been determined and presented to the County Auditor not later than two days prior to the second Monday in September, and the levy fixed by the County Tax Adjustment Board or on their failure so to do, by the County Auditor, ten or more taxpayers feeling themselves aggrieved by such levies, may appeal to the State Board of Tax Commissioners for further and final hearing thereon, by filing of petition with the County Auditor not later than October 15, and the State Board will fix a date for hearing in this county.

Dated August 14, 1941.

WANT THRILLS?



CATAPULTING A PLANE INTO SPACE takes nerves of steel and split-second accuracy. These Navy men work together like a cham-

pionship football team. Courses in all branches of aviation are now being offered to you by the U. S. Navy. They qualify you to become

a skilled pilot, navigator, radio expert, gunner, or aerial photographer. In fact, you can learn any one of 45 trades.

THE U. S. NAVY HAS PLENTY FOR YOU!

Do things seem dull around town for you? Do you feel tied down by your job? Here's your chance to lead the most thrilling life in the world... and get paid for it! A chance to serve your country too. For Uncle Sam's new Two-Ocean Navy has ships and planes which are unequalled by those of any other nation in the world.

For those who enlist in the Navy there is a wide variety of fascinating work, including everything from aviation to engineering. Pictured here are a few of the thrills that are everyday occurrences in the life of a Navy man. They're open to you right now if you've reached your 17th birthday.



MANNING AN ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN is real sport—if you know how to handle one. Each man has his station—and a job to do. If he does it correctly, the gun-crew functions as a single man—with deadly accuracy and superhuman speed.

LOADING A 2000-LB. TORPEDO into a tube aboard a crack destroyer calls for dramatic action. The Navy can train you to become a torpedoman.



MOSQUITOES THAT TRAVEL AT 45 MILES PER HOUR! It takes a cool head and keen eyes to operate this new bullet-shaped PT Torpedo Boat. You've seen them in the newsreel throwing up great waves of spray on either side. But how would you like to handle one? Your Navy needs men with the stamina to tackle this job! Have you got it?

